

I Semester B.Sc. Examination, November/December 2018 (CBCS) (2014-15 and Onwards) (Repeaters) STATISTICS – I Basic Statistics – I

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: i) Answer any five sub-divisions from Section – A, five sub-divisions from Section – B and five questions from Section – C.

ii) Scientific calculator may be allowed.

SECTION - A

I. Answer any five questions:

. (5×2=10)

- 1) a) Distinguish between classification and tabulation.
 - b) What is frequency distribution? Express the Struges formula for computing class intervals and number of classes.
 - c) Distinguish between discrete variable and continuous variable.
 - d) Define Arithmetic mean. Mention its merits.
 - e) Define axiomatic approach to the probability.
 - f) If A and B are independent events, then prove that \overline{A} and \overline{B} are also independent.
 - g) Define pair wise and mutual independence of events.
 - h) State the Chebyschev' Inequality.

SECTION - B

II. Answer any five sub-divisions from the following:

 $(5 \times 3 = 15)$

- 2) a) Mention various methods of collecting primary data and explain one of them.
 - b) Distinguish between nominal and ordinal scales.





- c) What is meant by classification? Mention different types of classification.
- d) Define geometric mean and harmonic mean.
- e) Write an explanatory note on "Kurtosis".
 - f) For any two events A and B show that $P(\overline{A} \cap B) = P(B) P(A \cap B)$.
- g) Define conditional probability. If A and B are two events and P(A) > P(B) then show that P(A|B) > P(B|A).
- h) If X is random variable such that E(X) = 3 and $E(X^2) = 36$, determine the upper bound of $P\{|x 3| < 1\}$.

SECTION - C

III. Answer any five questions from the following:

 $(5 \times 9 = 45)$

- 3) a) Discuss the meaning and scope of Statistics.
 - b) State the advantages of sampling over census.

(4+5)

- 4) a) Define median and mode. Mention their merits and demerits.
 - b) Show that for two positive numbers:
 - i) $AM \ge GM \ge HM$

ii)
$$GM = \sqrt{AM^*HM}$$
. (4+5)

- 5) a) Obtain the expression for combined standard deviation for two series of data.
 - b) Express the central moments in terms of raw moments of frequency distribution. (4+5)
- 6) a) If A, B and C are mutually independent events then prove that A∪B and C are also independent.
 - b) Define conditional probability and establish multiplication theorem of probability.
- 7) a) Define distribution function. Mention its properties and prove any one of them.
 - b) If the probability mass function of the random variable X is p(x) = x/3 for x = 0, 1, 2, find (i) E(X) (ii) $E(X^2)$ and (iii) V(X). (4+5)



- 8) a) If the probability density function of the random variable X is f(x) = 3x (1 x) for $0 \le x \le 1$, find (i) E(X) (ii) V(X).
 - b) If X is random variable such that E(X) = 2 and $E(X^2) = 10$, determine the lower bound for the probability P(-3 < X < 9). (5+4)
- 9) a) Write the syntax (only one word) for the followings:
 - i) Generate 20 random numbers
 - ii) Print number 10 five times
 - iii) Number of units in the data set
 - iv) Modify existing data file
 - v) Clear screen.
 - b) Explain with reference to R software:
 - i) seq()
 - ii) c()
 - iii) length()
 - iv) cd(). (5+4)