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Il Semester B.Sc. Examination, May/June 2018 (CBCS) (2014-15 and Onwards) (F + R) 6 6 19 10 10 10 CHEMISTRY - II

Time: 3 Hours of lattern old one targettoutes entitled to

Max. Marks: 70

- Instructions: i) The question paper has two Parts. Answer both Parts.
 - ii) Write equations, draw diagrams wherever necessary.

PART - A

I. Answer any eight of the following questions.

- 1) Write the values of quantum numbers for 2s1 electron.
- 2) Calculate the energy associated with Bohr's 2nd orbit, given the energy of Bohr's 1st orbit = -2.17×10^{-18} J.
- 3) What is the physical significance of Ψ and Ψ^2 ?
- 4) Define lattice energy.
- 5) Write the electronic configuration of oxygen molecule using MOT.
- 6) Give one example each of molecule having inter-molecular hydrogen bond and intramolecular hydrogen bonding. Is the mains do main
- (C++7) What are orthosilicates ? Give an example. The local cleanure et al.
 - 23) at Explain mechanism of S 1 re-noeM lo anoitagia mechanism of S 1 re-noeM los (8)
 - 9) Calculate magnetic moment of Fe2+ ion (atomic number of iron = 26).
 - 10) Explain Ullmann reaction with an example.
 - 11) Write the cis and trans isomers of stilbene.
 - 12) Mention the ortho and one meta orienting group of benzene.

b) Why vinyl chloride is less (B=TRA9an ethyl chloride ?

II. Answer any nine of the following questions.

 $(9 \times 6 = 54)$

- 13) a) Explain the terms : (i) Hamiltonian operator (ii) Laplacean operator.
 - b) Write de Broglie's equation, explain the terms.

(4+2)

- 14) a) Derive an expression for the radius of nth orbit of hydrogen atom.
 - b) Calculate the wavelength of a moving ball of mass 0.2 kg travelling with a velocity 150 m/s, $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34}$ Js. (4+2)



15)	Dorive Coherelle	
13) i	a) Derive Schrodinger's wave equation.	(4+2
16) 8	 Set up Born-Haber cycle for the formation of NaCl crystal, write texpression for lattice energy. 	he
a a la) How lattice energy affects the solubility of an ionic crystal ?	(4+2)
17)8	Discuss the structure of BrF ₃ molecule based on VSEPR theory. Why is H ₂ O liquid and H ₂ S is a gas at room temperature?	13
18) a	 Write the molecular orbital diagram of nitrogen molecule and calculation the bond order. 	(4+2) ate
[=Sxb) What are polar molecules ? Give examples.	(4+2)
19) a) What are transition elements ? Why they (i) Exhibit variable oxidations states (ii) Form complex salts.	(4+2) on
b)	What are zeolites? Mention one application.	(4+2)
D)	Describe the separation of lanthanides by ion exchange method. Why Cu²+ ion is coloured, while Cu+ ion is colourless.	(8 (4+2)
21) a)	How is Helium isolated from natural gas ?	~ · · · <i>~</i> /
D)	Write the reaction of oxidation of toluene by chromyl chloride	(4+2)
22) a)	Write the mechanism of nitration of benzene.	C
(D)	State Huckel's rule of aromaticity. Its sviO Casteoriaonho and tankly	(4+2)
23) a)	Explain mechanism of S _N 1 reaction with an example.	8
	Explain Birch reduction reaction.	(4+2)
24) a)	Elucidate the structure of benzene using molecular orbital theory.	(,
D)	State Saytzeff rule, give an example.	(4+2)
25) a) b)	Explain mechanism of E_1 (Elimination) reaction with a suitable example Why vinyl chloride is less reactive than ethyl chloride?	le.
=8×8)		(4+2)
	naver any nine of the following quastionar	AH

(i) Explain the terms: (i) Hamiltonian operator: (ii) Laplacean operator.
 (ii) Write de Broglie's equation, explain the terms.

(4) a) Derive an expression for the radius of n°-orbit of hydrogen atom.
 b) Calculate the wavelength of a moving ball of mass 0.2 kg travelling with a velocity 150 m/s, h = 6.63×10⁻⁴ Js.

P.T.O.